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1

[3, 5]:

$$\bar{R} = m\bar{a} . \tag{1.1}$$

$$\bar{R} = \sum \bar{F}_i ,$$

$$\bar{a} = \bar{a} + \bar{a}_n .$$

$$\bar{a} = \bar{a} + \bar{a} + \bar{a} ,$$

\bar{a} , \bar{a} , \bar{a} -

,
 -
 (1.1) :
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 1 -
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 4 (1.1),
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2

2.1

2.1.1

$$M_1(x)N_1(t)dx + M_2(x)N_2(t)dt = 0, \tag{2.1}$$

$M_1(x) \neq 0 \quad N_1(t) \neq 0.$

$$(2.1) \quad M_2(x)N_1(t),$$

$$\frac{M_1(x)}{M_2(x)} dx = -\frac{N_2(t)}{N_1(t)} dt. \tag{2.2}$$

(2.2)

:

$$t, \quad -$$

t.

$$\int \frac{M_1(x)}{M_2(x)} dx = -\int \frac{N_2(t)}{N_1(t)} dt + C. \tag{2.3}$$

1

2

3

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = v \frac{dv}{dx}, \quad v = \frac{dx}{dt}.$$

$$tdx - xdt = 0.$$

(2.3),

$\ln|C|$:

$$\int \frac{dx}{x} = \int \frac{dt}{t},$$

$$\ln|x| = \ln|t| + \ln|C|,$$

$$|x| = |Ct|,$$

$$x = Ct -$$

$$x' + p(t)x = f(t)x, \quad (2.4)$$

$p(t), f(t) -$

$t, \alpha \in R, \alpha \neq 1.$

$$: x(t) = u(t)z(t),$$

$z(t)$

$$z'(t) + z(t)p(t) = 0. \quad (2.5)$$

(2.5) -

$z(t),$

(2.4).

(2.5),

$$u'(t)z(t) = f(t)(u(t)z(t))^\alpha,$$

$u(t),$

(2.4)

$$x(t) = u(t)z(t).$$

$\alpha = 0,$

$$x' + p(t)x = f(x). \quad (2.6)$$

. 2.1.3.

$$x' = f\left(\frac{x}{t}\right), \quad (2.7)$$

$f\left(\frac{x}{t}\right) -$

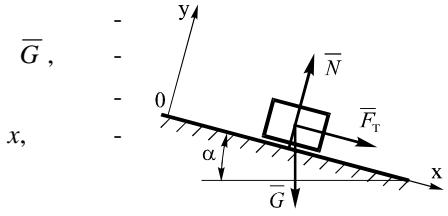
$$\frac{x}{t}.$$

$$u = \frac{x}{t}.$$

$$\bar{N} \quad \bar{F} , \quad \bar{G} ,$$

$$m\bar{a} = \sum \bar{F}_i \quad (2.1).$$

$$ma_x = G \sin \alpha + F .$$



2.1

$$m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = mg \sin \alpha + kt$$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} = mg \sin \alpha + kt .$$

$$mdv = (mg \sin \alpha + kt)dt ; \int_{v_0}^v mdv = \int_0^t (mg \sin \alpha + kt)dt ;$$

$$mv - mv_0 = mgt \sin \alpha + \frac{kt^2}{2} ; v = gt \sin \alpha + \frac{kt^2}{2m} + v_0 .$$

v x ,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = gt \sin \alpha + \frac{kt^2}{2m} + v_0 ; dx = \left(gt \sin \alpha + \frac{kt^2}{2m} + v_0 \right) dt ;$$

$$\int_{x_0=0}^x dx = \int_0^t \left(gt \sin \alpha + \frac{kt^2}{2m} + v_0 \right) dt ; x = g \sin \alpha \frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{kt^3}{6m} + v_0 t .$$

2.1.3

$$x''(t) = f(t, x'(t)),$$

$$x(t) (\quad)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v, \quad v = v(t), \quad \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = \frac{dv}{dt},$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = f(t, v),$$

$$v(t) = \varphi(t, C_1), \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = \varphi(t, C_1).$$

$$x = \int \varphi(t, C_1) dt + C_2.$$

2.2.

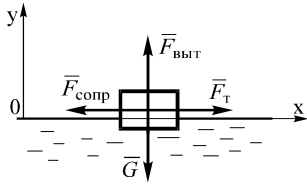
$$F = kt,$$

m

$$F = \alpha v$$

(k α –

).



$$m\bar{a} = \sum \bar{F}_i$$

$$ma_x = F - F$$

2.2

$$m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = kt - \alpha \frac{dx}{dt},$$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} = kt - \alpha v$$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} + \alpha v = kt.$$

$$v = uz.$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{du}{dt} z + u \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$m \frac{du}{dt} z + mu \frac{dz}{dt} + \alpha uz = kt.$$

(2.9)

$$mu \frac{dz}{dt} + \alpha uz = 0$$

$$m \frac{dz}{dt} + \alpha z = 0 \quad (u \neq 0).$$

$$\frac{dz}{z} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} dt; \quad \ln z = -\frac{\alpha}{m} t; \quad z = e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m} t}.$$

(2.9),

$$m \frac{du}{dt} e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t} = kt; \quad du = \frac{k}{m} t e^{\frac{\alpha}{m}t} dt; \quad \int du = \int \frac{k}{m} t e^{\frac{\alpha}{m}t} dt; \quad u = \frac{k}{\alpha} t e^{\frac{\alpha}{m}t} - \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} e^{\frac{\alpha}{m}t} + C.$$

$$v = uz = \frac{k}{\alpha} t - \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} + C e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t}. \quad (2.10)$$

$$: \left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = v|_{t=0} = 0.$$

(2.10), :

$$0 = \frac{k}{\alpha} \cdot 0 - \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} + C e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m} \cdot 0}; \quad C = \frac{mk}{\alpha^2}.$$

$$, \quad v = \frac{k}{\alpha} t + \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} (e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t} - 1).$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{k}{\alpha} t + \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} (e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t} - 1); \quad dx = \left(\frac{k}{\alpha} t + \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} (e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t} - 1) \right) dt;$$

$$\int_{x_0}^x dx = \int_0^t \left(\frac{k}{\alpha} t + \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} (e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t} - 1) \right) dt; \quad x = x_0 + \frac{kt^2}{2\alpha} + \frac{m^2k}{\alpha^3} (1 - e^{-\frac{\alpha}{m}t}) - \frac{mk}{\alpha^2} t.$$

2.1.4

$$x''(t) = f(x(t), x'(t)),$$

t (

,

)

$$v(x), \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = v.$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{dv}{dt} \frac{dx}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dt} \frac{dv}{dx} = v \frac{dv}{dx},$$

,

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = \frac{dx}{dt} \frac{dv}{dx},$$

-

$$v \frac{dv}{dx} = f(x, v),$$

x

.

,

$$v = \varphi(x, C_1).$$

v

$$\frac{dx}{dt},$$

-

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \varphi(x, C_1).$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\varphi(x, C_1)} = t + C_2.$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = v \frac{dv}{dx}$$

2.3. H

$$F = \frac{\alpha v^2}{x+h} \quad (h - \dots).$$

$$x(0) = 0, \quad x'(0) = v_0.$$

$$ma_x = -F \quad m \frac{dv}{dt} = -\frac{\alpha v^2}{x+h}.$$

: t, v, x .

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = v \frac{dv}{dx}.$$

$$m \frac{v dv}{dx} = -\frac{\alpha v^2}{x+h}.$$

$$\frac{m v dv}{\alpha v^2} = -\frac{dx}{x+h}; \quad \int_{v_0}^v \frac{m v dv}{\alpha v^2} = \int_0^x -\frac{dx}{x+h}; \quad \frac{m}{\alpha} \ln v \Big|_{v_0}^v = -\ln(x+h) \Big|_0^x;$$

$$\frac{m}{\alpha} \ln \frac{v}{v_0} = -\ln \frac{x+h}{h}; \quad \ln \frac{v}{v_0} = \frac{\alpha}{m} \ln \frac{h}{x+h}; \quad \frac{v}{v_0} = \left(\frac{h}{h+x} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}};$$

$$v = v_0 \left(\frac{h}{h+x} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}}.$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v_0 \left(\frac{h}{h+x} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}}; \quad (h+x)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} dx = v_0 h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} dt; \quad \int_0^x (h+x)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} dx = \int_0^t v_0 h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} dt;$$

$$\left. \frac{(h+x)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1}}{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1} \right|_0^x = v_0 h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} t \Big|_0^t; \quad \frac{m}{\alpha+m} \left((h+x)^{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1} - h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1} \right) = v_0 h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} t;$$

$$(h+x)^{\frac{\alpha+m}{m}} = h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1} + \frac{\alpha+m}{m} v_0 h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}} t; \quad x = \left(h^{\frac{\alpha}{m}+1} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha+m}{m} \frac{v_0 t}{h} \right) \right)^{\frac{m}{\alpha+m}} - h;$$

$$x = h \left[\left(1 + \frac{\alpha+m}{m} \frac{v_0 t}{h} \right)^{\frac{m}{\alpha+m}} - 1 \right].$$

2.2

2.2.1

$$a \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + cx = f(t), \tag{2.11}$$

$a, b, c -$

$f(t) -$

$f(t) \neq 0,$

(2.11)

$t.$

$f(t) = 0,$

$$a \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + cx = 0. \tag{2.12}$$

[1],

(2.11)

$$x = \bar{x} + x^* . \quad (2.13)$$

2.2.2

$$\bar{x} . \quad (2.12)$$

2.2.2

$$ax'' + bx' + cx = 0 . \quad (2.14)$$

$$x_1(t) \quad x_2(t) , \quad (2.14)$$

[2]:

$$x(t) = C_1 x_1(t) + C_2 x_2(t) , \quad (2.15)$$

C_1, C_2 –

$$(2.14)$$

$$x = e^{\lambda t} , \quad \lambda = \text{const} .$$

$$x' = \lambda e^{\lambda t} , \quad x'' = \lambda^2 e^{\lambda t} .$$

(2.14),

$$a\lambda^2 e^{\lambda t} + b\lambda e^{\lambda t} + ce^{\lambda t} = 0 \quad e^{\lambda t} (a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c) = 0 .$$

$$e^{\lambda t} \neq 0 ,$$

$$a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c = 0 . \quad (2.16)$$

$$(2.16), \quad e^{\lambda t}$$

(2.14).

(2.16)

(2.14).

$\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 :$

$$\lambda_1 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}, \quad \lambda_2 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}.$$

1 $b^2 - 4ac > 0, \quad \lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 -$
 $(\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2).$

$$x_1 = e^{\lambda_1 t}, \quad x_2 = e^{\lambda_2 t}.$$

$$\frac{x_2}{x_1} = \frac{e^{\lambda_2 t}}{e^{\lambda_1 t}} = e^{\lambda_2 t - \lambda_1 t} = e^{(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)t} \neq \text{const}.$$

(2.14)

$$x = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}.$$

2 $b^2 - 4ac = 0, \quad \lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 -$
 $(\lambda_1 = \lambda_2).$

$$(2.14) \quad x_1 = e^{\lambda t},$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = -\frac{b}{2a}. \quad (2.17)$$

$$x_2 = u(t)e^{\lambda t}, \quad u(t) -$$

$$x_2' = u'e^{\lambda t} + \lambda u e^{\lambda t}, \quad x_2'' = u''e^{\lambda t} + 2\lambda u'e^{\lambda t} + \lambda^2 u e^{\lambda t}.$$

(2.14)

x_2

:

$$au''e^{\lambda t} + 2a\lambda u'e^{\lambda t} + a\lambda^2 u e^{\lambda t} + bu'e^{\lambda t} + b\lambda u e^{\lambda t} + cu e^{\lambda t} = 0.$$

$$e^{\lambda t} \neq 0,$$

$$au'' + 2a\lambda u' + a\lambda^2 u + bu' + b\lambda u + cu = 0$$

$$au'' + (2a\lambda + b)u' + (a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c)u = 0.$$

(2.16)

,

$$a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c = 0,$$

(2.17)

$$2a\lambda + b = 0.$$

$$u'' = 0.$$

$$u(t) = At + B.$$

$$: A = 0, B = 1 \quad A = 1, B = 0.$$

,

$$x_2(t) = e^{\lambda t} = x_1(t).$$

$$x_2(t) = te^{\lambda t} \cdot \frac{x_2}{x_1} = \frac{te^{\lambda t}}{e^{\lambda t}} = t \neq \text{const} \cdot ,$$

$$x_1(t) \quad x_2(t) \quad \lambda = \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \quad (2.14)$$

$$x = C_1 e^{\lambda t} + C_2 t e^{\lambda t} .$$

$$3 \quad b^2 - 4ac < 0, \quad \lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 -$$

$$\lambda_1 = \alpha + i\beta, \quad \lambda_2 = \alpha - i\beta \quad (\beta \neq 0). \quad (2.14)$$

t:

$$x_1(t) = e^{(\alpha+i\beta)t}, \quad x_2(t) = e^{(\alpha-i\beta)t} .$$

$$e^{z+iy} = e^z (\cos y + i \sin y)$$

$$x_1(t) \quad x_2(t)$$

(2.15):

$$x(t) = C_1 e^{\alpha t} (\cos \beta t + i \sin \beta t) + C_2 e^{\alpha t} (\cos \beta t - i \sin \beta t) \quad (2.18)$$

$$x(t) = (C_1 + C_2) e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t + i(C_1 - C_2) e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t .$$

$$C_1 \quad C_2 ,$$

$$C_1 + C_2$$

$$i(C_1 - C_2) .$$

$$D_1 = C_1 + C_2; \quad D_2 = i(C_1 - C_2) .$$

$$x(t) = D_1 e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t + D_2 e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t .$$

$$(2.15),$$

$$(2.14)$$

$$\tilde{x}_1(t) = e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t, \quad \tilde{x}_2(t) = e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t .$$

$$\tilde{x}_1(t) \quad \tilde{x}_2(t) ,$$

$$\frac{\tilde{x}_2}{\tilde{x}_1} = \frac{e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t}{e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t} = \text{tg } \beta t \neq \text{const} .$$

$$(2.14)$$

$$x = C_1 e^{\alpha t} \cos \beta t + C_2 e^{\alpha t} \sin \beta t \quad x = e^{\alpha t} (C_1 \cos \beta t + C_2 \sin \beta t) .$$

$$(2.18).$$

$$\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 .$$

1

1 -

$\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 -$	$, \lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$	$x = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}$
$\lambda_1 \quad \lambda_2 -$	$, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda$	$x = C_1 e^{\lambda t} + C_2 t e^{\lambda t}$
$\lambda_{1,2} = \alpha \pm i\beta, \beta \neq 0$:	$x = e^{\alpha t} (C_1 \cos \beta t + C_2 \sin \beta t)$

(

$t = 0$)

2.4 (2.3). 5,

$$m = 1 ,$$

$$k_1 = 160 / .$$

$$k_2 = 256 / , \quad k_3 = 384 / .$$

$$a \quad b$$

6

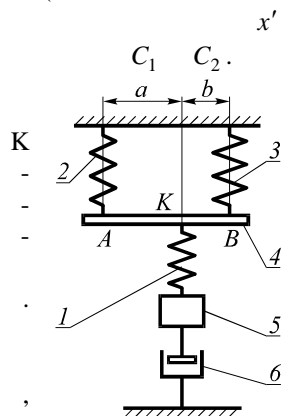
K , $AB = 10$.

$$F = \alpha v , \quad v -$$

$$\alpha = 10 \cdot / .$$

$a \quad b$ 4

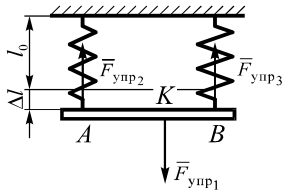
?



2.3

$a \quad b,$
4

(2.4).



2.4

$$F_2 = c_2 \Delta l, \quad F_3 = c_3 \Delta l.$$

$$\sum M_{iK} = 0; \quad F_3 BK - F_2 AK = 0.$$

$$c_3 \Delta l \cdot b - c_2 \Delta l \cdot a = 0.$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c_3}{c_2}.$$

2.3

$$a + b = AB = 10.$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{384}{256} = \frac{3}{2},$$

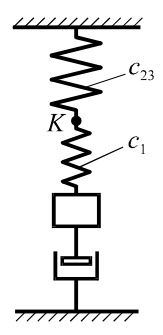
$$a = 6, \quad b = 4.$$

2.3

$$c_{23} = c_2 + c_3 = 256 + 384 = 640 / .$$

2.5.

[3]



2.5

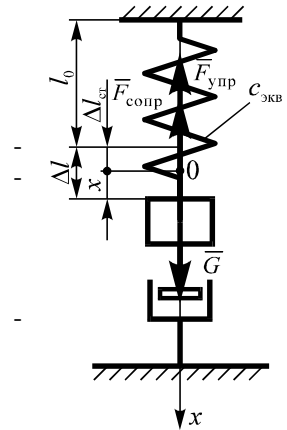
[3]

()

$$c_1 \quad c_{23}$$

$$\frac{1}{c} = \frac{1}{c_1} + \frac{1}{c_{23}}, \quad c = \frac{c_1 c_{23}}{c_1 + c_{23}} = \frac{160 \cdot 640}{160 + 640} = 128 \text{ / .}$$

,
2.6.
,



$$ma_x = G - F - F$$

Δl

Δl

$$F = c (\Delta l + x).$$

2.6

$$m\ddot{x} = mg - c (\Delta l + x) - \alpha \dot{x}.$$

$$mg = c \Delta l \quad (2.19)$$

$$m\ddot{x} + \alpha \dot{x} + c x = 0 \quad (2.20)$$

$$2\ddot{x} + 10\dot{x} + 128x = 0 \quad \ddot{x} + 5\dot{x} + 64x = 0 \quad (2.21)$$

$$\lambda^2 + 5\lambda + 64 = 0.$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 64}}{2} = -2,5 \pm 15,2i.$$

$$(2.21)$$

$$x = e^{-2,5t} (C_1 \cos 15,2t + C_2 \sin 15,2t) \quad (2.22)$$

x:

$$v_x = \frac{dx}{dt} = -2,5e^{-2,5t} (C_1 \cos 15,2t + C_2 \sin 15,2t) + e^{-2,5t} (-15,2C_1 \sin 15,2t + 15,2 \cos 15,2t). \quad (2.23)$$

$$t = 0 \quad (2.22) \quad (2.23):$$

$$x|_{t=0} = x_0 = e^{-2,5 \cdot 0} (C_1 \cos(15,2 \cdot 0) + C_2 \sin(15,2 \cdot 0)) = C_1;$$

$$v_x|_{t=0} = v_{x_0} = -2,5e^{-2,5 \cdot 0} (C_1 \cos(15,2 \cdot 0) + C_2 \sin(15,2 \cdot 0)) + e^{-2,5 \cdot 0} (-15,2C_1 \sin(15,2 \cdot 0) + 15,2 \cos(15,2 \cdot 0)) = -2,5C_1 + 15,2C_2.$$

$$v_{x_0} = 0,$$

$$x_0 = -OK = -\Delta l.$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 = -\Delta l; \\ -2,5C_1 + 15,2C_2 = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$(2.19) \quad , \quad \Delta l = \frac{mg}{c} = \frac{1 \cdot 9,8}{128} = 0,0766,$$

$$C_1 = -0,0766; \quad C_2 = \frac{2,5C_1}{15,2} = \frac{2,5 \cdot (-0,0766)}{15,2} = -0,0126.$$

$$x = e^{-2,5t} (-0,0766 \cos 15,2t - 0,0126 \sin 15,2t).$$

2.5.

2.4

$$\alpha = 32$$

$$(2.20)$$

$$2\ddot{x} + 32\dot{x} + 128x = 0 \quad \ddot{x} + 16\dot{x} + 64x = 0. \quad (2.24)$$

$$\lambda^2 + 16\lambda + 64 = 0,$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-16 \pm \sqrt{16^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 64}}{2} = -8.$$

$$(2.24):$$

$$x = C_1 e^{-8t} + C_2 t e^{-8t} .$$

$$v_x = \dot{x} = -8C_1 e^{-8t} + C_2 e^{-8t} - 8C_2 t e^{-8t} .$$

$$t = 0, \quad :$$

$$x_0 = C_1 ; \dot{x}_0 = -8C_1 + C_2 .$$

$$x_0 = -\Delta l \quad , \quad v_{x_0} = 0 ,$$

$$C_1 = -\Delta l = -0,0766 ; C_2 = 8C_1 = -8 \cdot 0,0766 = -0,6128 .$$

$$x = -0,0766 e^{-8t} - 0,6128 t e^{-8t} .$$

2.6.

2.4

$\alpha = 50$

(2.20)

$$2\ddot{x} + 50\dot{x} + 128x = 0 \quad \ddot{x} + 25\dot{x} + 64x = 0 . \quad (2.25)$$

$$\lambda^2 + 25\lambda + 64 = 0 ,$$

$$\lambda_1 = \frac{-25 + \sqrt{25^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 64}}{2} = -2,90 ; \lambda_2 = \frac{-25 - \sqrt{25^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 64}}{2} = -22,10 .$$

(2.25):

$$x = C_1 e^{-2,9t} + C_2 e^{-22,1t} .$$

$$v_x = \dot{x} = -2,9C_1 e^{-2,9t} - 22,1C_2 e^{-22,1t} .$$

$t = 0 :$

$$x_0 = C_1 + C_2 ; \dot{x}_0 = -2,9C_1 - 22,1C_2 .$$

$$x_0 = -\Delta l \quad v_{x_0} = 0 ,$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 = -\Delta l ; \\ -2,9C_1 - 22,1C_2 = 0 . \end{cases}$$

$$C_2 = -\frac{2,9C_1}{22,1} = -0,131C_1 ; C_1 - 0,131C_1 = -\Delta l .$$

$$C_1 = \frac{-\Delta l}{0,869} = -0,0881 ; C_2 = -0,131 \cdot (-0,0881) = 0,0115 .$$

$$x = -0,0881 e^{-2,9t} + 0,0115 e^{-22,1t} .$$

2.2.3

()

(2.11). , $x_1(t), x_2(t)$ -

(2.11)

$$\bar{x}(t) = C_1 x_1(t) + C_2 x_2(t). \tag{2.26}$$

$$x^*(t) \tag{2.11} \tag{2.26},$$

$C_1 \quad C_2$

$$x^*(t) = C_1(t)x_1(t) + C_2(t)x_2(t). \tag{2.27}$$

t:

$$(x^*)' = C_1'(t)x_1(t) + C_1(t)x_1'(t) + C_2'(t)x_2(t) + C_2(t)x_2'(t).$$

$$C_1'(t)x_1(t) + C_2'(t)x_2(t) = 0.$$

$$(x^*)' = C_1(t)x_1'(t) + C_2(t)x_2'(t).$$

t:

$$(x^*)'' = C_1'(t)x_1'(t) + C_1(t)x_1''(t) + C_2'(t)x_2'(t) + C_2(t)x_2''(t).$$

x^*

$(x^*)'$ $(x^*)''$

(2.11),

$$aC_1'(t)x_1'(t) + aC_1(t)x_1''(t) + aC_2'(t)x_2'(t) + aC_2(t)x_2''(t) + bC_1(t)x_1'(t) + bC_2(t)x_2'(t) + cC_1(t)x_1(t) + cC_2(t)x_2(t) = f(t)$$

$$C_1(t)(ax_1''(t) + bx_1'(t) + cx_1(t)) + C_2(t)(ax_2''(t) + bx_2'(t) + cx_2(t)) + aC_1'(t)x_1'(t) + aC_2'(t)x_2'(t) = f(t).$$

$x_1(t) \quad x_2(t)$

$$aC_1'(t)x_1'(t) + aC_2'(t)x_2'(t) = f(t).$$

(2.11)

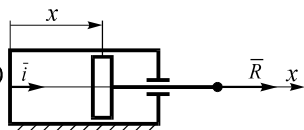
$$\begin{cases} C_1'(t)x_1(t) + C_2'(t)x_2(t) = 0; \\ a(C_1'(t)x_1'(t) + C_2'(t)x_2'(t)) = f(t). \end{cases} \tag{2.28}$$

$$C_1'(t) = \varphi(t), \quad C_2'(t) = \psi(t). \quad (2.27),$$

$$C_1(t) \quad C_2(t). \quad (2.11).$$

2.7.

$$m = 5,$$



$$\bar{R} = (5v + 5e^{2t} \sin e^t) \bar{j} \quad (2.7).$$

2.7

$$x_0 = 0,1.$$

$$m\bar{a} = \bar{R} \quad x,$$

$$ma_x = 5v + 5e^{2t} \sin e^t \quad 5x'' = 5x' + 5e^{2t} \sin e^t.$$

$$x'' - x' = e^{2t} \sin e^t.$$

$$x'' - x' = 0.$$

$$\lambda^2 - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0, \quad \lambda_2 = 1,$$

$$\bar{x}(t) = C_1 + C_2 e^t,$$

$$\bar{x}_1(t) = e^0 = 1, \quad \bar{x}_2(t) = e^t.$$

$$x^* = C_1(t) + C_2(t)e^t.$$

$$C_1(t) \quad C_2(t)$$

$$(2.28), \quad \bar{x}_1'(t) = 0, \quad \bar{x}_2'(t) = e^t:$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1'(t) + C_2'(t)e^t = 0; \\ C_1'(t) \cdot 0 + C_2'(t)e^t = e^{2t} \sin e^t. \end{cases}$$

$$C_1'(t) = -e^{2t} \sin e^t, \quad C_2'(t) = e^t \sin e^t,$$

$$C_1(t) = e^t \cos e^t - \sin e^t, \quad C_2(t) = -\cos e^t.$$

$$x^*(t) = (e^t \cos e^t - \sin e^t) + (-\cos e^t)e^t = -\sin e^t.$$

$$x(t)$$

$$x(t) = \bar{x}(t) + x^*(t) = C_1 + C_2 e^t - \sin e^t. \quad (2.29)$$

$$x'(t) = C_2 e^t - \cos e^t e^t. \quad (2.30)$$

$$(2.29) \quad (2.30) \quad t = 0, \quad :$$

$$x(0) = C_1 + C_2; \quad x'(0) = C_2 - 1.$$

$$x(0) = 0,1; \quad x'(0) = 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 = 0,1; \\ C_2 - 1 = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$: \quad C_1 = -0,9; \quad C_2 = 1.$$

$$x(t) = -0,9 + e^t - \sin e^t.$$

2.2.4

$$(2.11).$$

$$a \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + cx = e^{\alpha t} (P_n(t) \cos \beta t + Q_m(t) \sin \beta t), \quad (2.31)$$

$$P_n(t), Q_m(t) -$$

$$n \quad m$$

$$\alpha, \beta -$$

1

$$(2.31) -$$

n :

$$f(t) = P_n(t). \quad (2.32)$$

$$, \quad (2.31),$$

$$\alpha = \beta = 0.$$

$$) \quad 0$$

$$a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c = 0. \quad (2.33)$$

$$x^* = R_n(t) = A_0 + A_1 t + A_2 t^2 + \dots + A_n t^n, \quad (2.34)$$

A_0, A_1, \dots, A_n –

$$x^*, \frac{dx^*}{dt}, \frac{d^2 x^*}{dt^2} \quad (2.31),$$

$$aR_n''(t) + bR_n'(t) + cR_n(t) = P_n(t). \quad (2.35)$$

$n + 1$ $t,$ $n + 1$
 $A_0, A_1, \dots, A_n;$

$)$ 0 $($ $)$ $b \neq 0, c = 0.$
 $(2.33),$ $x(t)$ $(2.34),$ (2.35) $n.$
 $n - 1,$ A_0, A_1, \dots, A_n (2.35)

$(n + 1)-$ $,$ $x = tR_n(t);$ $,$
 $)$ 0 $,$

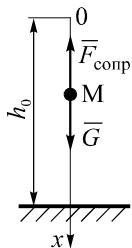
$$\lambda^2 = 0.$$

$x^*(t)$ $n,$
 $(2.35) -$ $x^*(t)$ $n - 2,$ $-$
 $n.$ $x^*(t)$ $t,$
 $(n + 2)-$ $,$

$$x^*(t) = t^2 R_n(t).$$

$)$ $),$ $,$ $2.1.$ $,$

2.8. h_0 m $-$
 $v_0.$ $,$ $-$
 $($ $k).$



2.8

, $m, g -$

Ox 2.8 :

$$ma_x = G - F$$

$$a_x = x''(t) \quad F = kv = kx'(t),$$

$$mx'' = mg - kx'$$

$$x'' + \frac{k}{m}x' = g. \quad (2.36)$$

$x(t)$

$$f(t) = g.$$

$$x'' + \frac{k}{m}x' = 0 \quad (2.37)$$

$$\lambda^2 + \frac{k}{m}\lambda = 0.$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = -\frac{k}{m}.$$

(2.36),

$$x(t) = C_1 + C_2 e^{-\frac{kt}{m}}.$$

$\lambda = 0$

$$(2.36) \quad f(t) = g$$

$$x^*(t) = At.$$

$$\frac{dx^*}{dt} \quad \frac{d^2x^*}{dt^2} \quad (2.36),$$

$$\frac{k}{m}A = g, \quad A = \frac{mg}{k}.$$

$$x^*(t) = \frac{mg}{k}t,$$

$$x(t) = C_1 + C_2 e^{-\frac{kt}{m}} + \frac{mg}{k}t. \quad (2.38)$$

$$C_1 \quad C_2, \quad x(t)$$

$$x(0) = 0, \quad x'(0) = v_0. \quad (2.38),$$

$$x'(t) = -\frac{k}{m} C_2 e^{-\frac{kt}{m}} + \frac{mg}{k}.$$

$$x(t) \quad x'(t) \quad t = 0,$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 = 0; \\ -\frac{k}{m} C_2 + \frac{mg}{k} = v_0. \end{cases}$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{m}{k} \left(\frac{m}{k} g - v_0 \right), \quad C_2 = \frac{m}{k} \left(\frac{m}{k} g - v_0 \right).$$

$$C_1 \quad C_2 \quad (2.37),$$

$x \quad t:$

$$x(t) = \frac{m}{k} \left(\frac{mg}{k} - v_0 \right) \left(e^{-\frac{kt}{m}} - 1 \right) + \frac{mg}{k} t.$$

2

(2.31)

$$f(t) = e^{\alpha t} P_n(t),$$

$$\beta = 0.$$

[4]:

$$x^*(t) = e^{\alpha t} R_n(t), \quad \alpha$$

(2.33);

$$x^*(t) = t e^{\alpha t} R_n(t), \quad \alpha -$$

(2.33);

$$x^*(t) = t^2 e^{\alpha t} R_n(t), \quad \alpha -$$

(2.33).

2.9.

2.9

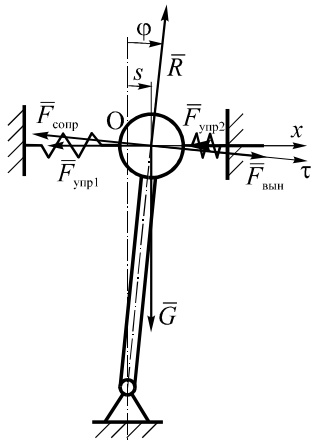
$$m = 1,$$

$$l = 0,4.$$

$$c = 100 \quad /.$$

$$= 1$$

$$F = 10te^{-2t},$$



2.9

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{F} \quad , \quad \bar{G} \quad , \quad \bar{F}_1 \quad \bar{F}_2 \quad , \\ \bar{F} \quad , \\ \bar{R} \quad . \\ \vdots \\ m\bar{a} = \bar{F} + \bar{G} + \bar{F}_1 + \bar{F}_2 + \bar{F} + \bar{R} \quad . \\ l \quad . \\ ma_\tau = F + G \sin \varphi - F_1 - F_2 - F \quad . \end{aligned}$$

$$ma_\tau = 10te^{-2t} + mg \sin \varphi - cx - cx - \alpha v \quad .$$

$$\sin \varphi \approx \varphi = \frac{s}{l} \quad ,$$

$$x = l \sin \varphi \approx s \quad .$$

$$m\ddot{x} + \alpha\dot{x} + \left(2c - \frac{mg}{l}\right)x = 10te^{-2t} \quad .$$

$$\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + 175,5x = 10te^{-2t} \quad . \quad (2.39)$$

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda + 175,5 = 0 \quad .$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = -0,5 \pm \sqrt{0,25 - 175,5} = -0,5 \pm 13,24i \quad .$$

$$\bar{x}(t) = e^{-0,5t} (C_1 \sin 13,24t + C_2 \cos 13,24t) \quad . \quad (2.39) \quad e^{-2t}$$

$$\alpha = -2 \quad .$$

$$x^*(t) = (At + B)e^{-2t} \quad , \quad (2.40)$$

A, B –

$$\frac{dx^*}{dt} = Ae^{-2t} - 2(At + B)e^{-2t}; \quad \frac{d^2x^*}{dt^2} = -4Ae^{-2t} + 4(At + B)e^{-2t}. \quad (2.41)$$

$$(2.40) \quad (2.41) \quad (2.39), \quad :$$

$$-4Ae^{-2t} + 4(At + B)e^{-2t} + Ae^{-2t} - 2(At + B)e^{-2t} + 177,5(At + B)e^{-2t} = 10te^{-2t}.$$

$$e^{-2t}, \quad -3A + 177,5At + 177,5B = 10t.$$

t,

:

$$\begin{cases} 177,5A = 10; \\ -3A + 177,5B = 0. \end{cases}$$

A B:

$$A = \frac{10}{177,5} = 0,05634; \quad B = \frac{3 \cdot 0,05634}{177,5} = 0,00095.$$

(2.39)

$$x^*(t) = (0,05634t + 0,00095)e^{-2t},$$

$$x = \bar{x} + x^* = e^{-0,5t} (C_1 \sin 13,24t + C_2 \cos 13,24t) + (0,05634t + 0,00095)e^{-2t}.$$

C₁ C₂

:

$$\dot{x} = -0,5e^{-0,5t} (C_1 \sin 13,24t + C_2 \cos 13,24t) + 13,24e^{-0,5t} (C_1 \cos 13,24t - C_2 \sin 13,24t) + 0,05634e^{-2t} - 2 \cdot (0,05634t + 0,00095)e^{-2t}.$$

$$x(0) = C_2 + 0,00095;$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = -0,5C_2 + 13,24C_1 + 0,05634 - 2 \cdot 0,00095 = -0,5C_2 + 13,24C_1 + 0,05444.$$

$$x(0) = 0 \quad \dot{x}(0) = 0,$$

:

$$\begin{cases} C_2 + 0,00095 = 0; \\ -0,5C_2 + 13,24C_1 + 0,05444 = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$C_2 = -0,00095; \quad C_1 = \frac{0,5C_2 - 0,05444}{13,24} = \frac{0,5 \cdot (-0,00095) - 0,05444}{13,24} = -0,00415.$$

:

$$x = e^{-0,5t} (-0,00415 \sin 13,24t - 0,00095 \cos 13,24t) + (0,05634t + 0,00095)e^{-2t}.$$

$$l_0 \quad l - \quad ;$$

$$\Delta l \quad - \quad , \quad .$$

$$(2.44),$$

$$m\ddot{x} = G - c\Delta l - x - cs.$$

$$G = c\Delta l \quad ,$$

s

$$m\ddot{x} + cx = -cb \cos \omega t. \quad (2.45)$$

$$, \quad , \quad x = \bar{x} + x^*.$$

$$m\lambda^2 + c = 0 \quad , \quad \lambda_1 = i\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}, \lambda_2 = -i\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}, \quad \alpha = 0, \beta = \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}.$$

$$\bar{x} = C_1 \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t + C_2 \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t.$$

) $\omega \neq \beta$.

$$x^* = A \cos \omega t + B \sin \omega t.$$

$$\frac{dx^*}{dt} = \omega(-A \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t); \quad \frac{d^2x^*}{dt^2} = -\omega^2(A \cos \omega t + B \sin \omega t).$$

$$(2.45),$$

$$-m\omega^2(A \cos \omega t + B \sin \omega t) + c(A \cos \omega t + B \sin \omega t) = -cb \cos \omega t.$$

,

t,

:

$$\begin{cases} \cos \omega t : & -m\omega^2 A + cA = -cb; \\ \sin \omega t : & -m\omega^2 B + cB = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$, \quad A = \frac{cb}{m\omega^2 - c}; \quad B = 0. \quad ,$$

$$(2.45) \quad :$$

$$x^* = \frac{cb}{m\omega^2 - c} \cos \omega t ,$$

:

$$x = C_1 \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + C_2 \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + \frac{cb}{m\omega^2 - c} \cos \omega t .$$

Ox

:

$$\dot{x} = -\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} C_1 \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} C_2 \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t - \frac{cb\omega}{m\omega^2 - c} \sin \omega t .$$

$$t = 0 \quad :$$

$$x(0) = C_1 + \frac{cb}{m\omega^2 - c} ; \quad \dot{x}(0) = \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} C_2 .$$

,

$$C_1 + \frac{ca}{m\omega^2 - c} = -b ; \quad \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} C_2 = 0 .$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{m\omega^2 b}{m\omega^2 - c} ; \quad C_2 = 0 \quad :$$

$$x = -\frac{m\omega^2 b}{m\omega^2 - c} \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + \frac{cb}{m\omega^2 - c} \cos \omega t .$$

$$) \quad \omega = \beta = \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} .$$

:

$$x^* = t(A \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + B \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t) .$$

,

$$\frac{dx^*}{dt} = A \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + B \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t \left(-A \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + B \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t \right) ;$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^*}{dt^2} = 2\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \left(-A \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + B \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t \right) - \frac{c}{m} t \left(A \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t + B \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} t \right) .$$

(2.30)

:

$$\begin{cases} \cos \omega t : & 2mB\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} - cAt + cAt = -cb; \\ \sin \omega t : & -2mA\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} - cBt + cBt = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$B = -\frac{b}{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}; \quad A = 0; \quad x^* = -\frac{bt}{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t.$$

:

$$x = C_1 \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t + C_2 \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t - \frac{bt}{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t;$$

$$\dot{x} = -C_1\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t + C_2\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t - \frac{b}{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t - \frac{cbt}{2m} \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t;$$

$$x(0) = C_1 = -b; \quad \dot{x}(0) = C_2 = 0.$$

,

$$x = -b \cos \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t - \frac{bt}{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{m}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{c}{m}}t$$

(2.45).

4

(2.31)

$$f(t) = f_1(t) + \dots + f_n(t).$$

$$x^*(t) \quad (2.31)$$

$$x^*(t) = x_1^*(t) + \dots + x_n^*(t),$$

$x_i^*(t)$

$$ax'' + bx' + cx = f_i(t).$$

2.11.

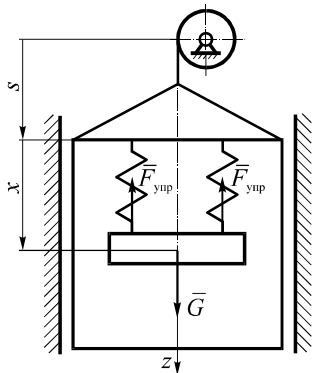
2.11)

$$s = 0,5t^3 + 0,1e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t.$$

$$c = 200 \text{ — ,}$$

$$m = 2 \text{ .}$$

$$l_0 = 30 \text{ .}$$



2.11

$$\bar{G} \quad , \quad \bar{F} : \quad ma_z = G - 2F \quad (2.46)$$

$$F = \Delta l , \quad \Delta l$$

$$\Delta l = x - l_0 .$$

$$z = s + x ,$$

$$a_z = \ddot{s} + \ddot{x} .$$

$$(2.46),$$

$$m(\ddot{s} + \ddot{x}) = mg - 2c(x - l_0) .$$

$$\dot{s} = 1,5t^2 - 0,05e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t + 0,4e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t ;$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{s} &= 3t + 0,025e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t - 0,2e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t - 0,2e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t - 1,6e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t = \\ &= 3t - 1,575e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t - 0,4e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t . \end{aligned}$$

$$2(3t - 1,575e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t - 0,4e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t + \ddot{x}) = 2 \cdot 9,8 - 2 \cdot 200(x - 0,3) .$$

$$2\ddot{x} + 400x = -6t + 139,6 + 3,15e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t + 0,8e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t . \quad (2.47)$$

$$2\lambda^2 + 400 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \pm\sqrt{200}i = \pm 14,14i .$$

$$\bar{x} = C_1 \cos 14,14t + C_2 \sin 14,14t .$$

(2.32)

$$f_1(t) = -6t + 139,6 \quad f_2(t) = 3,15e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t + 0,8e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t .$$

$$f_i(t) \quad \alpha \pm i\beta$$

$$, \quad x_1^*(t) \quad x_2^*(t)$$

$$2\ddot{x} + 400x = -6t + 139,6 ; \quad 2\ddot{x} + 400x = 3,15e^{-0,5t} \sin 4t + 0,8e^{-0,5t} \cos 4t \quad (2.48)$$

:

$$x_1^*(t) = At + B ; \quad x_2^*(t) = e^{-0,5t} (D \sin 4t + E \cos 4t) . \quad (2.49)$$

$$(2.49),$$

$$(2.48),$$

$$x_1^*(t) = -0,015t + 0,349 , \quad x_2^*(t) = e^{-0,5t} (0,00850 \sin 4t + 0,00236 \cos 4t) .$$

$$, \quad x^*(t) \quad (2.47)$$

$$x^*(t) = -0,015t + 0,349 + e^{-0,5t} (0,00850 \sin 4t + 0,00236 \cos 4t) ,$$

$$x^*(t) = C_1 \cos 14,14t + C_2 \sin 14,14t -$$

$$-0,015t + 0,349 + e^{-0,5t} (0,00850 \sin 4t + 0,00236 \cos 4t) .$$

$$, \quad x_0 = l_0 + \Delta l .$$

Δl -

$$G = 2F = 2 \Delta l .$$

$$x_0 = l_0 + \frac{mg}{2c} = 0,3 + \frac{2 \cdot 9,8}{2 \cdot 400} = 0,3245 .$$

$$, \quad \dot{x}_0 = 0 .$$

$$C_1 = -0,02686 , \quad C_2 = -0,00126 .$$

:

$$x^*(t) = -0,02686 \cos 14,14t - 0,00126 \sin 14,14t -$$

$$-0,015t + 0,349 + e^{-0,5t} (0,00850 \sin 4t + 0,00236 \cos 4t) .$$

3

3.1

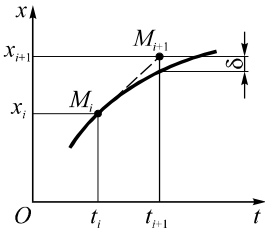
$x' = f(t, x), \quad x(t_0) = x_0.$
 n
 $t_{i+1} - t_i = h_i$
 $h = h_i$
 $x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$
 t_i
 $[t_i, t_{i+1}]$

$$x' = \frac{dx}{dt} \quad h.$$

$$\Delta x = x_{i+1} - x_i \quad \Delta t = t_{i+1} - t_i = h.$$

$$x' = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_{i+1} - x_i}{t_{i+1} - t_i} = \frac{x_{i+1} - x_i}{h}.$$

$$x' = f(t, x),$$



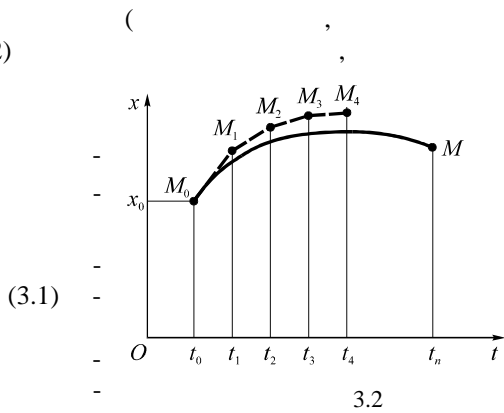
3.1

$$f(t_i, x_i) = \frac{x_{i+1} - x_i}{h}.$$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i + h f(t_i, x_i). \quad (3.1)$$

$$M_i M_{i+1}.$$

$[t_i, t_{i+1}]$
 (3.2)
 $M_i M_{i+1},$
 $M_0,$
 $t_i.$



3.2

$a_\tau = \frac{dv}{dt}$
 t
 v
 $a_\tau = f(t, x, v)$ (3.1)
 $v_{i+1} = v_i + a_\tau \Delta t.$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i + v_i \Delta t + \frac{a_i \Delta t^2}{2}.$$

$$x'' = f(t, x, x')$$

$$x'_{i+1} = x'_i + f(t, x_i, x'_i)h; \quad x_{i+1} = x_i + v_i h + \frac{f(t, x_i, x'_i)h^2}{2}. \quad (3.2)$$

(3.2)

3.1.

$$m = 0,5$$

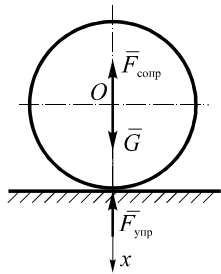
$$v = 4$$

$$F = kh^{3/2}, \quad h = 20$$

$$k = 5000$$

$$20$$

$$1$$



$$\bar{G}, \quad \bar{F}$$

$$Ox \quad (3.3)$$

$$ma_x = G - F - F \quad (3.3)$$

$$F = \alpha v.$$

3.3

$$v_1 = 1 \quad F_1 = 20$$

$$\alpha = \frac{F}{v_1} = 20$$

(3.3),

$$m\ddot{x} = mg - kx^{3/2} - \alpha\dot{x} \quad \ddot{x} = g - \frac{k}{m}x^{3/2} - \frac{\alpha}{m}\dot{x}$$

$$x'' = f(t, x, x'),$$

$$f(t, x, x') = g - \frac{k}{m}x^{3/2} - \frac{\alpha}{m}\dot{x}$$

3.4

MathCAD, -

$$t \quad v \quad x \quad (3.2).$$

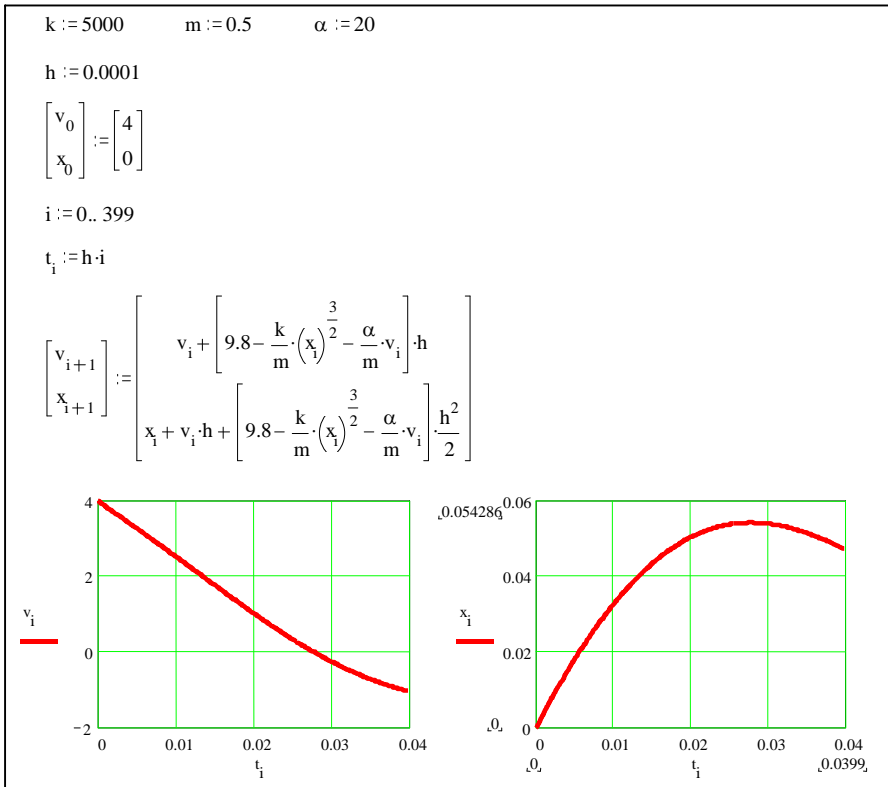
$$h = 0,0001$$

$$v_0 = 4 \text{ / ;}$$

$$x_0 = 0.$$

$$v \quad x \quad t.$$

$$0,0543$$



3.4

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \vdots \\
 x_{i+1} &= x_i + (k_{1i} + 2k_{2i} + 2k_{3i} + k_{4i})\frac{h}{6}, \\
 k_{1i} &= f(t_i, x_i), \quad k_{2i} = f\left(t_i + \frac{h}{2}, x_i + \frac{hk_{1i}}{2}\right), \\
 k_{3i} &= f\left(t_i + \frac{h}{2}, x_i + \frac{hk_{2i}}{2}\right), \quad k_{4i} = f(t_i + h, x_i + hk_{3i}).
 \end{aligned}$$

∴

$$\begin{cases}
 x'_1 = f_1(t, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), \\
 x'_2 = f_2(t, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), \\
 \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \\
 x'_n = f_n(t, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)
 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore x_1(t_0) = x_{1,0}, x_2(t_0) = x_{2,0}, \dots, x_n(t_0) = x_{n,0}.$$

∴

$$\begin{aligned}
 x_{m,i+1} &= x_{m,i} + \frac{h}{6}(k_{1m,i} + 2k_{2m,i} + 2k_{3m,i} + k_{4m,i}), \quad m = 1, \dots, n, \\
 k_{1m,i} &= f_m(t_i, x_{1,i}, x_{2,i}, \dots, x_{n,i}), \\
 k_{2m,i} &= f_m\left(t_i + \frac{h}{2}, x_{1,i} + \frac{hk_{11i}}{2}, x_{2,i} + \frac{hk_{12i}}{2}, \dots, x_{n,i} + \frac{hk_{1ni}}{2}\right), \\
 k_{3m,i} &= f_m\left(t_i + \frac{h}{2}, x_{1,i} + \frac{hk_{21i}}{2}, x_{2,i} + \frac{hk_{22i}}{2}, \dots, x_{n,i} + \frac{hk_{2ni}}{2}\right), \\
 k_{4m,i} &= f_m\left(t_i + h, x_{1,i} + hk_{31i}, x_{2,i} + hk_{32i}, \dots, x_{n,i} + hk_{3ni}\right), \\
 & \quad m = 1, \dots, n.
 \end{aligned}$$

3.5

“ ”,

$$x'' = f(t, x, x')$$

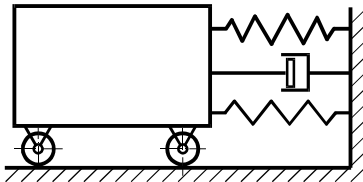
$$v = x'$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = v; \\ v' = f(t, x, v). \end{cases}$$

$$\varepsilon h^{n+1} \leq \frac{2^{n+1}}{2^{n+1} - 1} \max\{|x_i - x_i^*| \mid i = 0, 1, \dots, n\},$$

$$h, \quad x_i, \quad x_i^*, \quad t_i, \quad h, \quad h/2, \quad x(t),$$

3.2.



$$c = 200 \text{ / ,}$$

$$m = 1, \quad 3.6,$$

3.6

$$k = 2 \cdot 10^4 \text{ / }^3.$$

$$x(0) = 10, \quad x'(0) = 0.$$

$$F = kx^3,$$

$$x'(t) \quad 0 \leq t \leq 0,6 \quad 0,03$$

$$x(t)$$

$$mx'' + \alpha x' + cx + kx^3 = 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = v; \\ v' = -\frac{\alpha}{m}v - \frac{c}{m}x - \frac{k}{m}x^3. \end{cases}$$

3.6.

Funk

$$f_x[1] \quad y[1], \quad v - f_x[2] \quad y[2].$$

$$x(0) = 0,1, \quad v(0) = 0.$$

$$0,1, \quad x[1]= \quad 0.$$

$$x[1]=$$

3.7.

t= 0.000	x[1]= 0.1000	x[2]= 0.0000
t= 0.030	x[1]= 0.0854	x[2]=-0.8636
t= 0.060	x[1]= 0.0553	x[2]=-1.0585
t= 0.090	x[1]= 0.0255	x[2]=-0.8952
t= 0.120	x[1]= 0.0025	x[2]=-0.6329
t= 0.150	x[1]=-0.0125	x[2]=-0.3732
t= 0.180	x[1]=-0.0203	x[2]=-0.1520
t= 0.210	x[1]=-0.0222	x[2]= 0.0132
t= 0.240	x[1]=-0.0201	x[2]= 0.1164
t= 0.270	x[1]=-0.0158	x[2]= 0.1637
t= 0.300	x[1]=-0.0107	x[2]= 0.1688
t= 0.330	x[1]=-0.0060	x[2]= 0.1471
t= 0.360	x[1]=-0.0020	x[2]= 0.1120
t= 0.390	x[1]= 0.0007	x[2]= 0.0736
t= 0.420	x[1]= 0.0024	x[2]= 0.0386
t= 0.450	x[1]= 0.0031	x[2]= 0.0108
t= 0.480	x[1]= 0.0031	x[2]=-0.0085
t= 0.510	x[1]= 0.0027	x[2]=-0.0196
t= 0.540	x[1]= 0.0020	x[2]=-0.0239
t= 0.570	x[1]= 0.0013	x[2]=-0.0232
t= 0.600	x[1]= 0.0007	x[2]=-0.0194

3.7

0,5

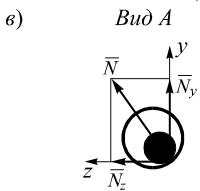
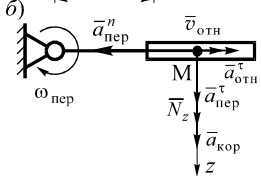
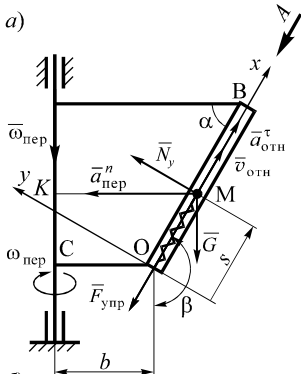
30

MathCAD
rkfixed.

[7].

[1].

4.1 (4.1). OB
 = 8 / .
 , = 50°. b = 0,25 .
 M m = 2 , O.
 l₀ = 30 . c = 50 / .
 s,
 s₀ = 0,4 ; ṡ₀ = -0,2 / .



4.1

s = OM

$$m\bar{a} = \sum \bar{F}_i . \quad (4.1)$$

$$\bar{a} = \bar{a}^\tau + \bar{a}^n + \bar{a}^\tau + \bar{a}^n + \bar{a} . \quad (4.2)$$

$$a^\tau = \varepsilon h ; a^n = \omega^2 h ,$$

h = KM

$$KM = OC + s \cos \alpha = b + s \cos \alpha . \quad (4.3)$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{d\omega}{dt} = 0, \quad a^\tau = 0.$$

(4.3)

$$a^n = \omega^2 (b + s \cos \alpha).$$

$$a^n = 0.$$

$$a^\tau = \ddot{s} . \quad (4.4)$$

$$s . \quad (4.4).$$

$$a = 2\omega v \sin \beta , \quad (4.5)$$

$$s, \quad \bar{a}^\tau . \quad s$$

$$4.1 \quad v = \dot{s} .$$

$$\beta = 90^\circ - \alpha .$$

$$a = 2\omega \dot{s} \cos \alpha .$$

$$\bar{a}$$

$$4.1, \quad 90^\circ, \quad \omega .$$

$$\bar{a} \quad z. \quad \bar{G}, \quad \bar{F} \quad -$$

$$\bar{N}.$$

(. 4.1,).

$$\bar{N}_y \quad \bar{N}_z.$$

(1.1)

$$m(\bar{a}^n + \bar{a}^\tau + \bar{a}) = \bar{G} + \bar{F} + \bar{N}_y + \bar{N}_z.$$

$$\begin{cases} m(-a^n \cos \alpha + a^\tau) = -G \sin \alpha - F; \\ ma^n \sin \alpha = N_y - G \cos \alpha; \\ ma = N_z. \end{cases}$$

$$G = mg \quad -$$

:

$$\begin{cases} m(-\omega^2(b + s \cos \alpha) \cos \alpha + \ddot{s}) = -mg \sin \alpha - c(s - l_0); \\ m\omega^2(b + s \cos \alpha) \sin \alpha = N_y - mg \cos \alpha; \\ 2m\omega \dot{s} \cos \alpha = N_z. \end{cases} \quad (4.6)$$

$$- \quad s.$$

s

:

$$m\ddot{s} + (c - m\omega^2 \cos^2 \alpha)s = -mg \sin \alpha + cl_0 + m\omega^2 b \cos \alpha.$$

:

$$2\ddot{s} + (50 - 2 \cdot 8^2 \cdot \cos^2 50^\circ)s = -2 \cdot 9,8 \cdot \sin 50^\circ + 50 \cdot 0,3 + 2 \cdot 8^2 \cdot 0,25 \cdot \cos 50^\circ,$$

$$2\ddot{s} - 2,89s = 20,55. \quad (4.7)$$

. 2.2.1

s

$$(4.7):$$

$$s = \bar{s} + s^*.$$

\bar{s}

$$2\lambda^2 - 2,89 = 0.$$

$$\lambda_1 = -1,20; \lambda_2 = 1,20.$$

 \bar{s}

$$\bar{s} = C_1 e^{-1,2t} + C_2 e^{1,2t}.$$

(2.6)

$$s^* = A.$$

(4.7),

$$-2,89A = 20,55,$$

$$A = -7,11.$$

(4.7)

$$s = C_1 e^{-1,2t} + C_2 e^{1,2t} - 7,11.$$

(4.8)

$$\dot{s} = -1,2C_1 e^{-1,2t} + 1,2C_2 e^{1,2t}.$$

(4.9)

 $t = 0$

(4.8):

$$s(0) = C_1 + C_2 - 7,11; \quad \dot{s}(0) = -1,2C_1 + 1,2C_2.$$

 $s \quad s_0,$

:

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 - 7,11 = 0,4; \\ -1,2C_1 + 1,2C_2 = -0,2. \end{cases}$$

$$C_1 = 3,84; \quad C_2 = 3,67.$$

$$s = 3,84e^{-1,2t} + 3,67e^{1,2t} - 7,11.$$

(4.6).

$$N_y = m\omega^2(b + s \cos \alpha) \sin \alpha + mg \cos \alpha; \quad N_z = 2m\omega \dot{s} \cos \alpha.$$

$$N_y = -411,0 + 242,0e^{-1,2t} + 231,3e^{1,2t}; \quad N_z = -94,8e^{-1,2t} + 90,6e^{1,2t}.$$

$$N = \sqrt{N_y^2 + N_z^2}.$$

- 1 , 1991.– 638 .
 - 2 , 1981.– 448 .
 - 3 « » , 1998.– 736 .
 - 4 : 2 , 1985. .2.– 560 .
 - 5 , 1995.– 416 .
 - 6 , 1982.– 236 .
 - 7 MATHCAD 6.0 PLUS. , " " , 1996.– 712 .
- Windows 95.–

